Bài tập Từ trái nghĩa tiếng Anh

Bài 1: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**He was asked to **account for**his presence at the scene of crime.

A**.**complain  B**.**exchange  C**.**explain      D**.**arrange

**=>  KEY  C**:  **account for = explain**= giải thích cho

A.  phàn  nàn  B.  trao  đổi     **C. giải thích**D. sắp xếp

**Câu 2:**The teacher gave some **suggestions**on what could come out for the examination.

A**.**effects                  B**.**symptoms             C**.**hints                     D**.**demonstrations

**=>  KEY  C**:  **suggestions  = hints**= gợi ý, đề xuất

A.  tác  động               B.  triệu  chứng           **C.  gợi  ý**D. luận chứng

**Câu 3:**I’ll take the new job whose salary is **fantastic.**

A**.**reasonable            B**.**acceptable            C**.**pretty  high            D**.**wonderful

=>  **KEY  D**:  **fantastic = wonderful**= tuyệt vời

A.  hợp  lí                   B.  có  thể chấp nhận              C.  khá  cao                 D. tuyệt vời

Bài 2: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**Because Jack **defaulted**on his loan, the bank took him to court.

A**.**failed to pay         B**.**paid in full            C**.**had  a bad personality       D**.**was paid much money

=>  **KEY  B**:   **defaulted**= vỡ nợ, phá sản

A.  không  thể trả nợ              **B.  thanh  toán đầy đủ**C.  tính  xấu                D. trả rất nhiều tiền

**Câu 2:**His career in the **illicit**drug trade ended with the police raid this morning .

A**.**elicited     B**.**irregular    C**.**secret        D**.**legal

=>  **KEY  D**:  **illicit**= bất hợp pháp

A.  lộ  ra          B.  bất  thường           C.  bí  mật       **D. hợp pháp**

Bài 3: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE  in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**The government is not prepared to **tolerate**this situation any longer.

A**.**look down on          B**.**put up with              C**.**take away from       D**.**give on to

=>  **KEY  A**:  **tolerate**= khoan dung, tha thứ, chịu đựng A là từ trái nghĩa:  xem thường ai, khinh miệt

B là từ đồng nghĩa: chịu đựng, chấp nhận

**Câu 2:**I clearly remember talking to him in ***a*chance**meeting last summer.

A**.**unplanned            B**.**deliberate             C**.**accidental             D**.**unintentional

=>  **KEY  B**:   **a chance**= bất ngờ, vô tình

A.  không  có kế hoạch           **B.  cố  ý**C.  tình  cờ                  D. không chủ ý

Bài 4: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**I could see the finish line and thought I was **home and dry.**

A**.**hopeless   B**.**hopeful     C**.**successful             D**.**unsuccessful

=>  **KEY  C**:  **home and dry = have been successful**= thành công

A.  vô  vọng    B  hi  vọng      **C.  thành  công**D. thất bại

**Câu 2: Carpets**from countries such as Persia and Afghanistan often fetch high prices in the United States.

A**.**Artifacts               B**.**Pottery     C**.**Rugs                     D**.**Textiles

=>  **KEY  C**:  **Carpets = Rugs**= thảm

A.  hiện  vật    B.  đồ  gốm     **C.   thảm**D. dệt may

**Câu 3:**Though many scientific breakthroughs have resulted from **mishaps**it has taken brilliant thinkers to recognize their potential.

A**.**accidents              B**.**misunderstandings           C**.**incidentals            D**.**misfortunes

=>  **KEY  A**:  **mishaps = accidents**= rủi ro

A.  tai  nạn                  B.  hiểu  lầm                C.  chi  phí phát sinh               D. bất hạnh

Bài 5: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**The shop assistant was totally **bewildered**by the customer’s behavior.

A**.**disgusted             B**.**puzzled                 C**.**angry                    D**.**upset

=>  **KEY  B**:   **bewildered**= hoang mang, lúng túng, bối rối

A.  chán  ghét             **B.  bối  rối, lúng túng**C.  tức  giận                D. khó chịu

**Câu 2:**He **didn’t bat an eyelid**when he realized he failed the exam again.

A**.**wasn’t  happy        B**.**didn’t  want to see            C**.**didn’t show surprise         D**.**didn’t care

=>  **KEY  C**:  **didn’t bat an eyelid**= không ngạc nhiên, không bị shock

A.  không  vui             B.  không muốn nhìn             **C.  không ngạc nhiên**D. không quan tâm

**Câu 3:**Ralph Nader was the most **prominent**leader of the U.S consumer protection movement.

A**.**casual                   B**.**significant            C**.**promiscuous         D**.**aggressive

=>  **KEY  B**:   **prominent**= nổi bật, đáng chú ý

A.  bình  thường         **B.  đáng chú ý**C.  lộn  xộn                 D. tích cực

 Bài 6: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**The International Organizations are going to be in a **temporary**way in the country.

A**.**soak          B**.**permanent            C**.**complicated          D**.**guess

=>  **KEY  B:  temporary**= tạm thời

A.   thấm         **B.  vĩnh  viễn**C.  phức  tạp               D. khách mời

**Câu 2:**The US troops are using much more **sophisticated**weapons in the Far East.

A**.**expensive             B**.**complicated          C**.**simple and easy  to use     D**.**difficult to operate

=>  **KEY  C**:  **sophisticated**= tinh vi, phức tạp

A.  đắt  đỏ                   B.  phức  tạp               **C. đơn giản và dễ  sử dụng**D. khó hoạt động

Bài 7: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**Tourists today **flock**to see the two falls that actually constitute Niagara falls.

A. come without knowing what they will see

B. come in large numbers

C. come out of boredom

D. come by plane

=>  **KEY  B**:   **flock**= tụ tập, tụ họp thành bầy

A. cứ đi mà không cần quan tâm những gì họ đang thấy

**B. đi với số lượng lớn**

C. tránh sự nhàm chán

D. đi bằng máy bay

**Câu 2:**Around 150 B.C. the Greek astronomer Hipparchus developed a system to **classify**stars according to brightness.

A**.**record       B**.**shine         C**.**categorize             D**.**diversify

=>  **KEY  C**:  **classify**= phân loại

A.  ghi  âm      B.  chiếu  sáng            **C.  phân  loại**D. đa dạng

**Câu 3:**She is always **diplomatic**when she deals with angry students.

A**.**strict         B**.**outspoken             C**.**firm                      D**.**tactful

=>  **KEY  D**:  **diplomatic**= khôn khéo

A.  nghiêm  ngặt         B.  thẳng  thắn            C.  kiên  định              **D. khôn khéo**

Bài 8: Choose the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in the following sentences.

**Câu 1:**In remote communities, it’s important to **replenish**stocks before the winter sets in.

A**.**remake     B**.**empty      C**.**refill          D**.**repeat

=>  **KEY  B**:   **replenish**(làm đầy) ><  **empty**( làm cho cạn)

Nghĩa các từ khác: **repeat**= nhắc lại; **refill**= làm cho đầy;  **remake**= đánh dấu

**Câu 2:**There has been no **discernible**improvement in the noise levels since lorries were banned.

A**.**clear         B**.**obvious                 C**.**thin           D**.**insignificant

=> **KEY D**:

**discernible**(có thể nhận thức rõ, có thể thấy rõ) >< **insignificant**( không có quan trọng, tầm thường) Nghĩa các từ khác: **thin**= gầy; **obvious**= rành mạch, hiển nhiên; **clear**= rõ ràng

Bài 9: Choose the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in the following questions

**Câu 1:**Roget’s Thesaurus, a collection of English words and phrases, was originally arranged by the ideas they express **rather than**by alphabetical order.

A**.**restricted             B**.**as well as              C**.**unless                   D**.**instead of

=>  **KEY  D**:  **rather than**( hơn là ) =  **instead of**( thay vì)

Nghĩa các từ khác: **unless + clause**= nếu không ; **as well as**= cũng như;  **restricted**= bị hạn chế

**Câu 2:**With the **dawn**of space exploration, the notion that atmospheric conditions on Earth may be unique in the solar system was strengthened.

A**.**outcome   B**.**continuation         C**.**beginning             D**.**expansion

=>  **KEY  C**:  **dawn = beginning**: sự  bắt đầu

Nghĩa các từ khác: **expansion**= sự mở rộng; **continuation**= sự tiếp diễn; **outcome**= hậu quả

**Câu 3:**Let’s wait here for her; I’m sure she’ll **turn up**before long.

A**.**arrive        B**.**return        C**.**enter         D**.**visit

=>  **KEY  A**:  **turn up = arrive**: đến

Nghĩa các từ khác: **visit**= thăm; **enter**=vào; **return**= quay về

 Bài 10: Mark the letter A,B,C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**This tapestry has a very **complicated**pattern.

A**.**obsolete                B**.**intricate                C**.**ultimate                D**.**appropriate

=>  **KEY  B**:   **complicated**= phức tạp

A.  chướng ngại vật   **B.  phức  tạp**C.  cuối  cùng             D. thích hợp

**Câu 2:**During the Great Depression, there were many **wanderers**who traveled on the railroads and camped along the tracks.

A**.**veterans                B**.**tyros         C**.**vagabonds            D**.**zealots

=>  **KEY  C**:  **wanderers**= người bộ hành, kẻ lang thang

A.  cựu chiến binh     B.  ngừoi  mới vào nghề         C.  kẻ lang thang        D. người cuồng tín

**Câu 3:**We decided to pay for the furniture on the **installment**plan.

A**.**monthly  payment             B**.**cash and carry      C**.**credit  card            D**.**piece by piece

=>  **KEY  A**:  **installment**= trả góp

**A.  trả  tiền hàng tháng**B.  tiền  mặt                C.  thẻ tín dụng          D. từng mảnh

**Câu 4:**The last week of classes is always **very busy**because students are taking examinations, making applications to the University, and extending their visas.

A**.**hectic       B**.**eccentric   C**.**fanatic      D**.**prolific

=>  **KEY  A**:  very busy = rất bận rộn

**A.  bận  rộn**B.  lập  dị        C.  mê  hoặc    D. sung mãn

**Câu 5:**The **drought**was finally over as the fall brought in some welcome rain.

A**.**heatware  B**.**harvest      C**.**summer     D**.**aridity

=>  **KEY  D**:  **drought**= hạn hán

A.  sức  nóng  B. mùa màng   C.  mùa hè      **D. khô khan**

 Bài 11: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**When their rent increased from 200 to 400 a month, they protested against such a **tremendous**

increase.

A**.**light          B**.**huge         C**.**tiring        D**.**difficult

=>  **KEY  B**:   **tremendous**= lớn

A.   sáng          **B.  khổng  lồ**C.  mệt  mỏi    D. khó khăn

**Câu 2:**In 1952, Akihito was officially **proclaimed**heir to the Japanese throne.

A**.**installed               B**.**declared               C**.**denounced           D**.**advised

=>  **KEY  B**:   **proclaimed**= tuyên bố

A.  cài  đặt                  **B.  tuyên  bố**C.  lên  án                   D. khuyên

**Câu 3:**The **augmentation**in the population has created a fuel shortage.

A**.**increase                B**.**necessity              C**.**demand                D**.**decrease

=>  **KEY  A**:  **augmentation**= tăng thêm

**A.   tăng**B.  cần  thiết                C.  nhu  cầu                D. giảm

 Bài 12: Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**She had a **cozy**little apartment in Boston.

A**.**uncomfortable      B**.**warm        C**.**lazy           D**.**dirty

=>  **KEY  A**:  **cozy**= ấm cúng, tiện nghi

**A.  không thoải mái**B.  ấm  cúng   C.  lười  nhác  D. bụi bẩn

**Câu 2:**He was so **insubordinate**that he lost his job within a week.

A**.**fresh         B**.**disobedient          C**.**obedient               D**.**understanding

=>  **KEY  C**:  **insubordinate**= ngỗ nghịch, không tuân theo

A.  tươi  mới   B.  ngỗ  nghịch            **C.  biết nghe lời**D. am hiểu

Bài 13: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**There is growing **concern**about the way man has destroyed the environment.

A**.**ease      B**.**attraction      C**.**consideration        D**.**speculation

=>  **KEY  A**:  **concern =**liên quan, quan tâm

**A.  giảm  bớt**B.  thu  hút      C.  xem  xét                D. thu hút, hấp dẫn

**Câu 2:**Fruit and vegetables grew in **abundance**on the island. The islanders even exported the surplus.

A**.**large  quantity       B**.**small  quantity      C**.**excess       D**.**sufficiency

=>  **KEY  B**:   **abundance =**dư thừa, phong phú

A.  số lượng nhiều     **B.  số lượng ít**C.  dư  thừa                D. đầy đủ

Bài 14: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**If we had taken his **sage**advice, we wouldn’t be in so much trouble now.

A**.**willing      B**.**sturdy       C**.**wise          D**.**eager

=>  **KEY  C**:  **sage**= khôn, thận trọng

A.  sẵn  sàng   B.  mạnh  mẽ  **C.  khôn  ngoan**D. háo hức

**Câu 2:**A **mediocre**student who gets low grades will have trouble getting into an Ivy League college.

A**.**average                B**.**lazy           C**.**moronic                D**.**diligent

=>  **KEY  A**:  **mediocre =**tầm thường

**A.  trung  bình**B.  lười  nhác              C.  khờ  dại                 D. siêng năng

**Câu 3:**The politician’s conviction for tax fraud **jeopardized**his future in public life.

A**.**rejuvenated          B**.**penalized              C**.**jettisoned             D**.**endangered

=>  **KEY  D**:  **jeopardized =**gây nguy hiểm

A. trẻ  hoá                  B.   phạt                      C.  vứt  bỏ                  **D. nguy hiểm**

Bài 15: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**During the five- decade history the Asian Games have been **advancing**in all aspects.

A**.**holding  at             B**.**holding  back        C**.**holding  to             D**.**holding by

=>  **KEY  B**:   **holding by/ at/ to =**ủng hộ, tiếp tục cho ai làm gì

**holding back = prevent sb from doing st =**ngăn cản ai làm gì

**Câu 2:**The distinction between schooling and education **implied**by this remark is important.

A**.**explicit                 B**.**implicit                 C**.**obscure                 D**.**odd

=>  **KEY  A**:  **imply =**hàm ý

**A.   rõ ràng**B.  tiềm  ẩn                 C.  che  khuất              D. trong xó

Bài 16: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**A chronic lack of sleep may make us  **irritable**and reduces our motivation to work.

A**.**uncomfortable            B**.**responsive                  C**.**calm                           D**.**miserable

=>  **KEY  C**:   **irritable =**cáu kỉnh, khó chịu

A.  không thoải mái   B.  đáp  ứng    **C.  bình  tĩnh**D.  khốn khổ

**Câu 2:**Population growth rates  **vary**among regions and even among countries within the same region.

A**.**restrain                 B**.**stay  unchanged                C**.**remain  unstable                D**.**fluctuate

=>  **KEY  B**:  **vary =**làm cho biến đổi

A.  kiềm  chế  **B.  không thay đổi**    C.  vẫn  không ổn định D. biến động

 Bài 17: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**This is the **instance**where big, obvious non-verbal signals are appropriate. **A. B. C. D.**matter

A**.**situation                      B**.**attention                     C**.**place                          D**.**matter

=>  **KEY  A**:  **instance =**trường hợp

**A. trường  hợp, tình huống**B.  tham  dự               C.  địa  điểm               D. vấn đề

**Câu 2:**He had never experienced such **discourtesy**towards the president as it occurred at the annual meeting in May.

A**.**politeness                    B**.**rudeness                     C**.**encouragement          D**.**measurement

=>  **KEY  B**:   **discourtesy =**không lịch sự

A.  lễ  phép     **B.  thô  lỗ**C.  khuyến  khích        D. đo lường

**Câu 3:**Parents  **interpret**facial and vocal expressions as indicators of how a baby is feeling.

A**.**translate                      B**.**understand                C**.**read                            D**.**comprehend

=>  **KEY  B**:   **interpret =**giải thích, hiểu

A.   dịch          **B.   hiểu**C.   đọc           D. thấu hiểu

Bài 18: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**Unless the two signatures are **identical***,*the bank won’t honor the check.

A**.**similar      B**.**different   C**.**fake          D**.**genuine

=>  **KEY  B**:   **identical =**giống hệt nhau

A.  giống  nhau           **B.  khác  nhau**C.   giả            D. song sinh

**Câu 2:**Strongly **advocating**health foods, Jane doesn’t eat any chocolate.

A**.**supporting            B**.**impugning            C**.**advising               D**.**denying

=>  **KEY  B**:   **advocating =**ủng hộ

A.  ủng  hộ      **B.  phản  đối**C.  khuyên  bảo          D. từ chối

Bài 19: Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the italic part in each of the following questions

**Câu 1:**He **didn’t bat an eye**when he realized he failed the exam again.

A**.**didn’t show surprise        B**.**didn’t want to see

C**.**didn’t  care                       D**.**wasn’t happy

=>  **KEY  A**:  **didn’t bat an eye =**không mấy ngạc nhiên / không bị shock

**A.  không ngạc nhiên**B. không muốn nhìn

C.  không quan tâm               D. không vui

**Câu 2:**The notice should be put in the most **conspicuous**place so that all the students can be well- informed.

A**.**popular     B**.**suspicious            C**.**easily  seen            D**.**beautiful

=>  **KEY  C**:  **conspicuous =**dễ thấy, hiển nhiên

A.  thông  thường       B.  nghi  ngờ   **C.  dễ  thấy**D. đẹp

**Câu 3:**I think we have solved this problem **once and for all***.*

A**.**forever                 B**.**for goods             C**.**temporarily           D**.**in the end

=>  **KEY  A**:  **once and for all =**ngay lập tức hoàn thành

**A.  vĩnh  viễn**B.   tốt             C.  tạm  thời               D. cuối cùng

 Bài 20: Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

**Câu 1:**He decided not to buy the **fake**watch and wait until he had more money.

A**.**authentic              B**.**forger                   C**.**faulty                    D**.**original

=>  **KEY  A**:  **fake =**hàng giả

**A.  xác  thực. chân thực**B.  nguỵ  tạo               C.   lỗi             D. nguyên gốc

**Câu 2:**Her father likes the head cabbage **rare***.*

A**.**over-boiled          B**.**precious                C**.**scarce           D**.**scare

=>  **KEY  A**:  **rare =**sống

**A.  chín  kĩ**B.  quý  giá                 C.  khan  hiếm            D. sợ hãi